

Cultural agents – promoting and targeting interventions vs violence and enslavement (CAPTIVE project)

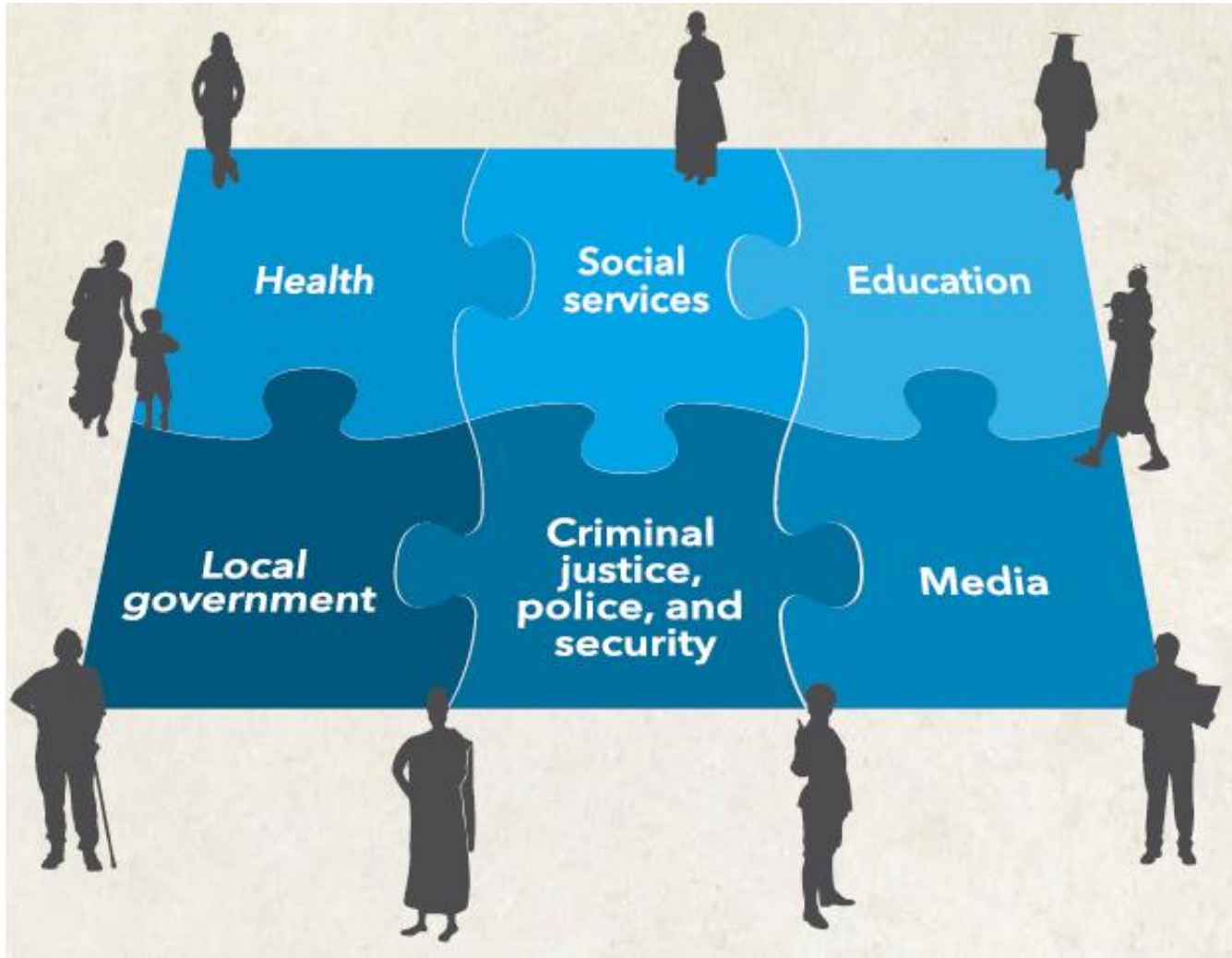
Workstream 1: Analysis and identification of good practice

Purpose of session

- Agree definitions vis-à-vis exposure, target population and professional target groups
- Revisit objectives for workstream 1
- Map objectives to specific activities and timeline
- Identify/address risk, challenges, opportunities
- Agree outputs
- Role of WS 1 lead and team responsibilities
- Agree on communication strategy
- Next meetings

Discussion on target population

- Defining the population of interest
 - Migrants refer to anyone who moves from one country to another for any reason (immigrants, or 'migrants' move in to a country, and emigrants leave)
 - 'Refugee' as set out by UN: "a person who has fled from and/or cannot return to their country due to a well-founded fear of persecution, including war or civil conflict" (1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees UNHCR, 1951)
 - Asylum seekers arrive as refugees, but not granted refugee status by the state
- 'Exposure' inclusion criterion
 - What do we mean by sexual or gender-based violence?
- What about gender and age?
 - Are we actively excluding experiences of male victims of SV?
 - What about children/those under 16 years?



Discussion on target professional groups

By sector

- Criminal justice
- Police
- Social services
- Health (primary care; emergency; antenatal services, sexual health, mental health)
- Medico-legal clinics (mental, physical health and forensics)
- Third/voluntary sector
 - Organisations that support migrant and refugee people (e.g. the settling in process, work and wellbeing, housing, safeguarding)
 - Services to support survivors of GBV (e.g. Rape Crisis Centres)
 - Mainstream women's services providing refuge from violence (e.g. Women's Aid)
 - Services for 'BME' women survivors of GBV, offering advice and information, counselling, housing

Discussion on target professional groups

What gaps in response to disclosure of SV/GBV are experienced by survivors who are migrants and refugees?

- Where are the gaps? Who needs the training, based on evidence reviews and interviews with survivors?
- Front line professional groups – defined as whom? Identify, briefly support and refer
- Crisis intervention – mental health services, women’s organisations and refuges, medico-legal clinics, social services (e.g. housing)
- Post crisis professional groups – mental health services, third sector agencies

Objective 1

- To increase knowledge on experience of SV/GBV in migrant and refugee populations across 6 countries
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 2

- To increase knowledge about professionals' experiences of providing support to target population
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 3

- To analyse perceptions about influence of socio-cultural factors in experiences of sexual/GBV
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 4

- To map S/GBV support services for target population
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 5

- To map S/GBV support services for target population
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 6

- Develop training
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities

Objective 7

- Identify and share good practices across countries
- Activities
- Risks, issues and opportunities